

OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND (OPUS SDIF)

ANNUAL REPORT 2023

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Manager's Report	1
Statement by Manager	8
Trustee's Report	9
Independent Auditors' Report	10
Shariah Adviser's Report	14
Statement of Financial Position	15
Statement of Comprehensive Income	16
Statement of Changes in Net Asset Value	18
Statement of Cash Flows	19
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	27
Corporate Information	58

OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Market Review, Outlook and Strategy

Market Review

The optimism from fixed income participants in 1Q23 gave way to reality as markets were affected by concerns over the US banking crisis and political brinksmanship over the US debt ceiling. Notably, central banks such as the Fed (US Federal Reserve) and BNM (Bank Negara Malaysia) continued on their respective rate hike paths throughout 2Q23 as inflation stayed elevated amidst surprisingly resilient economic conditions.

Inflation watchers were able to derive relief as headline CPI (Consumer Price Index) measures fell in most economies, as higher food and fuel prices affected by the Russia-Ukraine war in 1Q22 faded slightly. However, core CPI measures stayed frustratingly stubborn throughout 2Q23 with prices in the services sector still on a strong uptrend. Notably, core CPI measures are running well above central bank targets, with US core CPI in 1H23 notably rising at almost double the level required to hit the Fed target of 2% core inflation.

Global growth which was expected to slow down heading into 2023 has instead remained resilient throughout 2Q23, although there is notable divergence in the Eurozone and China. The Eurozone fell into a technical recession as GDP (Gross Domestic Product) growth contracted marginally in 4Q22 and 1Q23 consecutively, while China's economic recovery has disappointed expectations due to lacklustre consumer spending and property sector malaise. However, the US has exceeded expectations of a major slowdown with strong US consumer spending having acted as a key driver of GDP growth in 1H23.

Similarly, the manufacturing sector was a drag on economic growth on a global scale, with sector PMIs (Purchasing Managers Index) for categories such as Construction and Metals showing weakness in output and new orders. Services sectors on the other hand expanded significantly (with PMIs above the 50 mark) showcasing strong consumer demand for services instead of goods.

In response to economic resilience and most importantly sticky inflation, central banks worldwide hiked rates throughout 1H23 while reiterating their commitment to further tightening during an ECB (European Central Bank) hosted central bank forum. The Fed and ECB delivered 75bps and 100bps respectively in 1H23, although there were surprises as counterparts in Canada and Australia hiked in reaction to stubborn inflation after previously pausing. Elsewhere in Asia, Japan was joined by China in the easy monetary policy camp as China's central bank cut several benchmark rates by 10bps, prompted by slower than expected growth. More cuts and fiscal stimulus measures are expected as China faces deflationary risk, record youth unemployment rate and weakening global demand.

Malaysia's inflation outlook was benign relative to the elevated levels in advanced economies, further improving in 2Q23. Headline CPI eased to +2.8% YoY in May'23, well below the peak of 4.7% YoY back in Aug'22. Core CPI improved but remained at the higher end of BNM's expected range of 2.8% - 3.8% throughout 2Q23, reflective of firm Malaysian consumer demand and spending in services.

1

MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Economic growth in Malaysia is normalising from the highs of 2022 (+8.7% YoY) as 1Q23 growth came in at 5.6% YoY, driven mostly by strong private consumption numbers. Trade on the other hand was a drag on GDP growth, as exports declined significantly in 2Q23 following fading base effects from 2022's strong trade performance and fragility in the external environment (e.g. weakness in major trade partners).

The MYR (Malaysian Ringgit) has weakened by 6%, 9% and 10% against US Dollar, Sterling Pound and Euro respectively year-to-date due to the higher interest rate differential as developed economies continue to hike rates. BNM has been intervening in the foreign exchange market to stabilize the MYR. While we expect the OPR (Overnight Policy Rate) to remain at 3% to support domestic growth, we do not rule out the possibility that BNM may increase the OPR by another 25bps to 3.25% to support MYR.

US Treasury (UST) yields remained volatile throughout 2Q23, with movements ranging between 50-100bps across the curve. The banking crisis early in 2Q23 sent yields lower as investors headed for safe havens in a flight to safety, which has since eased with emergency Fed loans to banks stabilising at a reasonable level. With focus turning towards the US debt ceiling issue, the short end of the curve was affected by fears the US would default on its debt obligations. Fortunately, an agreement was eventually reached in time to suspend the debt ceiling and resolve the political brinksmanship. However, the damage was done and combined with unexpectedly strong US economy and stubborn inflation readings throughout 2Q23, UST yields ended the quarter close to pre-banking crisis levels.

Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) markets were calmer but took cues from the flight to safety in the UST markets, with yields largely ending 2Q23 lower than the previous quarter. Foreign shareholdings of MGS stabilised, with the foreign shareholding % of MGS at 36% as of May'23 (RM197.8bil) largely unchanged from 36% at Mar'23 (RM195.7bil). Foreign shareholding of Government Investment Issues (GII) was higher as of May'23 at 9.2%, compared to 9.0% at the end of 1Q23. As a whole, MGS + GII foreign shareholding was marginally better at 23.2% as of May'23 (end-1Q23: 23.1%).In our view, local investors in MGS can continue to derive comfort from Malaysia's relatively benign inflation outlook and stabilizing economic recovery, although headwinds could arise from a potential 25bps hike in the OPR to support the MYR as well as persistent weakness in the external environment.

Market Outlook

Overall, fixed income investors in 2Q23 bowed to the reality of stubborn inflation, although events such as the US banking crisis and US debt ceiling issue led to much volatility in overseas markets. Concerns over banking sector contagion were quelled as the Fed and fellow central banks moved decisively (e.g. establishing the Bank Term Funding Program to provide emergency liquidity for banks), while the US debt ceiling issue was also eventually resolved despite extended political posturing. Meanwhile, reality hit home late in 2Q23 as markets could no longer ignore the stubborn core inflation readings and resilient economic data, which led to the Fed maintaining its hawkish stance and affirmation of more incoming rate hikes in 2H23.

MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Locally, we expect economic growth to normalise as Malaysian firms are faced with the same global headwinds and fading favourable base effects. An improving inflation outlook and the importance of domestic consumption to Malaysia's GDP growth could stay BNM's hand when it comes to further rate hikes. However, we do not rule out the possibility that another 25bps rate hike could occur to bring the OPR to 3.25% and act as a support for the weakening MYR.

Strategy

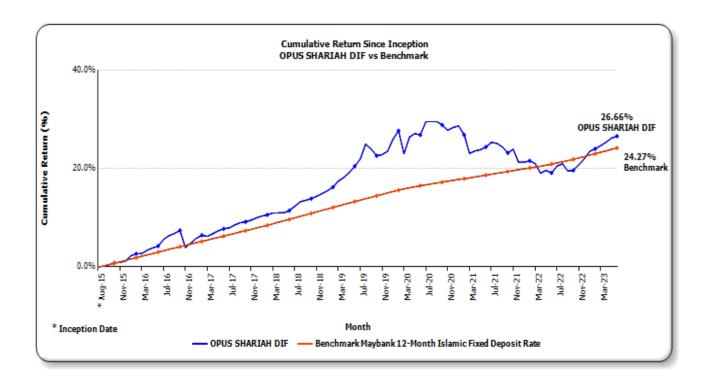
US yield volatility was mainly attributable to the Fed's hawkish guidance despite a rate hike pause. Sticky core inflation and labour market tightness in the US will justify the Fed's stance for further rate hikes and holding rates high for longer. The Malaysian bond market remained relatively stable, amid thin liquidity. Near term volatility could arise early in 2H23, in light of upcoming state elections and MYR weakness. However, we expect the market to be supported with stable demand coming from local pension and institution funds.

In the near term, we may hold slightly higher cash and take profit on some longer dated papers as the bond market has rallied quite strongly. We hope to take opportunity to reinvest at higher yields if there are foreign selling. Despite the near-term volatility, we expect yields to stabilise and shift downwards as more signs of slower growth emerge. As such, we will keep a wider duration target of 3-6 years, while still focusing on high quality corporate sukuk. We may also allocate around 10% - 20% in government investment issues (GII) if we see trading opportunities.

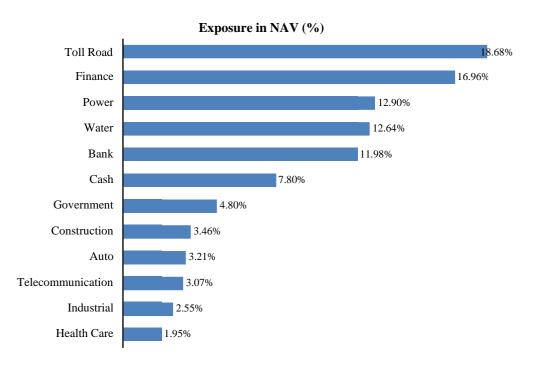
Performance: Outperformed benchmark by 2.39% since inception

As at 30 June 2023, the Fund was 92.20% invested while 7.80% was held in cash. The Fund's TWRR since inception was 26.66% compared to the benchmark of 24.27%, which is the accreted value since inception of the Maybank 12-Month Islamic Fixed Deposit Rate. Hence, the Fund outperformed the benchmark by 2.39%. For the calendar year-to-date period, TWRR for the fund was 3.81% against the benchmark TWRR of 1.44%. The Fund had a duration of 4.32 years. The average rating of the portfolio was AA1. Apart from cash, 86.09% are rated at least AA3, which are generally quite liquid. For corporate bonds rated lower than AA3, bid-offer spreads are generally wider due to the less liquid market conditions.

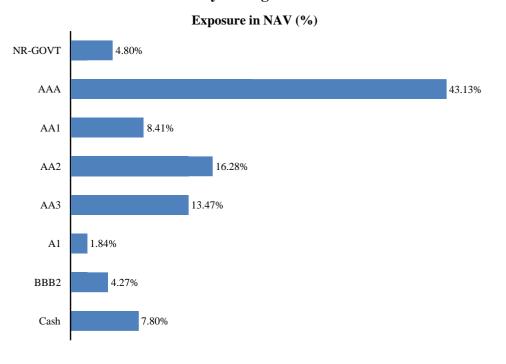
OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023



Distribution By Sector as at 30 June 2023



Distribution By Rating as at 30 June 2023



OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

INFORMATION ON THE OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND (OPUS SDIF or "the Fund")

Category: Fixed Income

Type : Income and Growth

Benchmark : Maybank, 12-Month Islamic Fixed Deposit Rate

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to achieve higher returns than 12-Month Fixed Islamic Deposit Rate over the medium to long-term*, while preserving capital** and providing opportunity for income.

Notes:

- * The Manager regards 3 to 5 years as medium-term and more than 5 years as long-term.
- ** *OPUS SDIF* is neither a capital guaranteed fund nor a capital protected fund.

Investment Strategy

The Fund's investment maturity profile is subject to active maturity structure management based on the profit rate outlook without any portfolio maturity limitation.

This means, the Fund may invest in Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic placement of deposits and other permitted investments with varying maturities such as 3 months, 6 months, 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 years or more. The Fund will only invest in instruments denominated in Ringgit Malaysia Sukuk.

OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND MANAGER'S REPORT - FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

OPUS SDIF	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Net Asset Value (RM)	158,806,507.57	156,132,598.79
Net Asset Value Per unit (RM)	0.9723	0.9399
Total Units in Circulation (units)	163,328,445.4727	166,110,933.7504
Selling / Repurchase price (RM)	0.9723	0.9399

OPUS SDIF	1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023	1 July 2021 - 30 June 2022
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) for the financial year	0.36 times	0.42 times
Net distribution per unit for the financial year (RM)*	0.0260	0.0170
Daily Return Volatility for the financial year **	0.06%	0.12%

 $^{^*}$ Distributions were made on 23 September 2022, 23 December 2022, 22 March 2023 and 21 June 2023 ** measured by standard deviation of daily returns.

Other Information

There is no change in key investment team and delegates.

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

We, SIAW WEI TANG and CHAN CHOONG KONG, being two of the directors of Opus Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. (the "Manager"), do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 15 to 57 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as of 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

On behalf of the Manager

SIAW WEI TANGMANAGING DIRECTOR

CHAN CHOONG KONG DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 23 August 2023

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND ("the Fund")

We have acted as Trustee for the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under The Lodge and Launch Framework:
- (b) Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- (c) Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong Head, Fund Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 23 August 2023

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND ("the Fund"), give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 15 to 57.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intend to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

(e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT

LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 23 August 2023

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND

I hereby confirm the following:

- 1. To the best of the knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, OPUS ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN. BHD. has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

Mohd Fadhly Md. Yusoff Shariah Adviser

23 August 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> RM	2022 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit			
or loss ("FVTPL")	4	146,414,244	139,375,950
Amount due from broker	~	2,699,727	-
Cash and cash equivalents	5 -	9,818,355	16,879,537
TOTAL ASSETS	-	158,932,326	156,255,487
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager		104,327	102,686
Amount due to Trustee		6,521	6,418
Other payables and accruals	6	14,970	13,784
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	125,818	122,888
NET ASSET VALUE	:	158,806,508	156,132,599
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' capital		168,270,221	170,821,506
Accumulated losses		(9,463,713)	(14,688,907)
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO	-	_	
UNITHOLDER	=	158,806,508	156,132,599
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	7	163,328,445	166,110,934
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	=	0.9723	0.9399

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

<u>Note</u>	2023 RM	2022 RM
	6,629,370	6,841,614
4	256,126 3,817,028	251,756 (12,111,924)
	10,702,524	(5,018,554)
8 9	(1,232,417) (77,026) (7,050) (3,200) (3,058)	(1,343,113) (83,944) (7,050) (3,200) (654,511)
	(1,322,751)	(2,091,818)
	9,379,773	(7,110,372)
11		
	9,379,773	(7,110,372)
	4,862,781 4.516,992	1,344,081 (8,454,453)
	9,379,773	(7,110,372)
	8 9	8 (1,232,417) 9 (77,026) (7,050) (3,200) 10 (3,058) (1,322,751) 9,379,773 11 4,862,781 4,516,992

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

	<u>Note</u>	2023 RM	2022 RM
Distributions during the financial year	12	4,154,579	2,947,800
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	12	2.60	1.70
Net distributions per unit (sen)	12	2.60	1.70

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Accumulated <u>losses</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 July 2021	186,030,777	(4,630,735)	181,400,042
Movement in net asset value: Total comprehensive loss for the			
financial year	-	(7,110,372)	(7,110,372)
Creation of units from applications	469,050	-	469,050
Creation of units from distributions	2,784,884	-	2,784,884
Cancellation of units	(18,463,205)	-	(18,463,205)
Distributions (Note 12)	-	(2,947,800)	(2,947,800)
Balance as at 30 June 2022	170,821,506	(14,688,907)	156,132,599
Balance as at 1 July 2022	170,821,506	(14,688,907)	156,132,599
Movement in net asset value: Total comprehensive income for the			
financial year	-	9,379,773	9,379,773
Creation of units from applications	2,196,170	-	2,196,170
Creation of units from distributions	3,984,386	-	3,984,386
Cancellation of units	(8,731,841)	-	(8,731,841)
Distributions (Note 12)	-	(4,154,579)	(4,154,579)
Balance as at 30 June 2023	168,270,221	(9,463,713)	158,806,508

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 RM	2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments	51,971,011	82,576,327
Proceeds of redemption from unquoted sukuk	-	1,500,000
Purchase of investments	(57,369,217)	(59,907,116)
Profit income received from unquoted sukuk	6,107,270	5,996,635
Profit income received from Islamic deposits with		
licensed financial institutions	256,126	251,756
Management fee paid	(1,230,776)	(1,360,504)
Trustee's fee paid	(76,923)	(85,031)
Payment for other fees and expenses	(12,809)	(12,716)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(355,318)	28,959,351
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	2,196,170	469,050
Payments for cancellation of units	(8,731,841)	(18,463,205)
Payment for distributions	(170,193)	(162,916)
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,705,864)	(18,157,071)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,061,182)	10,802,280
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE		
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16,879,537	6,077,257
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END		
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9,818,355	16,879,537
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	9,783,521	16,843,395
Bank balance	34,834	36,142
	9,818,355	16,879,537

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies, and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note K.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRS 9 'Fees in the 10% test for derecognition of financial liabilities' (effective 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

A Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 101, MFRS Practice Statement 2 and MFRS 108 on disclosure of accounting policies and definition of accounting estimates (effective 1 January 2023).
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' (effective 1 January 2024) clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has a substantive right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current if a condition is breached at or before the reporting date and a waiver is obtained after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B Income recognition

Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and unquoted sukuk are recognised based on effective profit rate method on an accrual basis.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain and loss on sale of unquoted sukuk is measured by the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of investment, determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium.

C Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Trustee.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

D Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

E Presentation and functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

F Financial instruments

Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's investment in unquoted sukuk are solely principal and profit. However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and amount due from broker as financial assets measured at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

F Financial instruments (continued)

Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are recognised in profit or loss in the financial year in which they arise.

Unquoted sukuk denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") as per the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework. Refer to Note K for further explanation.

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated on the effective profit rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits, which is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method.

Impairment of financial assets

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected and lifetime expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

F Financial instruments (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of obligor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount. The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

G Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

A financial liability is de-recognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised, and through the amortisation process.

H Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balance and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

I Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of definition of puttable instruments classified as equity instrument under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholder with the total number of outstanding units.

J Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The information presented herein represents the estimates of fair values as at the date of the statement of financial position.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

K Critical accounting estimates and judgements in applying accounting policies

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimates of fair value of unquoted sukuk

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Ringgit-denominated unquoted sukuk are valued using fair value prices quoted by a BPA. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points ("bps"), the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager:

- (i) records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- (ii) obtain necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- (iii) keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

OPUS SHARIAH DYNAMIC INCOME FUND (hereinafter referred to as "the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 12 January 2010 as amended by a First Supplemental Deed dated 15 November 2010, a Second Supplemental Deed dated 28 January 2011, a Third Supplemental Deed dated 1 July 2011, a Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 15 December 2011, a Fifth Supplemental Deed dated 28 June 2012, a Sixth Supplemental Deed dated 20 November 2013, a Seventh Supplemental Deed dated 28 October 2014, a Eighth Supplemental Deed dated 27 July 2015, a Ninth Supplemental Deed dated 26 October 2015, a Tenth Supplemental Deed dated 6 January 2016 and a Eleventh Supplemental Deed dated 6 January 2016, a Twelfth Master Supplemental Deed dated 22 December 2022 between Opus Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. as the Manager and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee. The Fund was launched on 6 August 2015 and will continue to be in operation until determined otherwise by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under the Deeds.

The principal place of business is located at B-19-2, Northpoint Offices, Mid Valley City, No.1, Medan Syed Putra Utara, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in a portfolio of fixed income and money market instruments that includes sukuk, bills and short-term deposits. The Fund aims to achieve higher returns than the benchmark over the medium to long term.

The Manager, Opus Asset Management Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia, is principally engaged in the business of fund management and the provision of financial advisory services.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 23 August 2023.

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include management risk, market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, non-compliance risk, Shariah specific risk and capital risk management.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Fund's Information Memorandum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows:

	Financial assets at fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	Amortised <u>cost</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2023</u>			
Unquoted sukuk	146,414,244	-	146,414,244
Amount due from financial institution	-	2,699,727	2,699,727
Cash and cash equivalents		9,818,355	9,818,355
	146,414,244	12,518,082	158,932,326
<u>2022</u>			
Unquoted sukuk	139,375,950	-	139,375,950
Cash and cash equivalents		16,879,537	16,879,537
	139,375,950	16,879,537	156,255,487

Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may jeopardise the investment of each unitholder. Therefore, it is important for the Manager to set the investment policies and appropriate strategies to be in line with the investment objective before any investment activities can be considered. However, there can be no guarantee that these measures will produce the desired results.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk).

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	2023 RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	144,901,531	137,939,387
Profit receivables	1,512,713	1,436,563
	146,414,244	139,375,950

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Price risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit/(loss) after tax to movements in prices of investments. The analysis is based on the assumption that the price of the investments fluctuates by 5% with all other variables held constant.

	Change in price of investments	Market <u>value</u> RM	Impact on profit/(loss) after tax and net asset value RM
<u>2023</u>	-5	137,656,454	(7,245,077)
	0	144,901,531	-
	+5 =	152,146,608	7,245,077
<u>2022</u>	-5	131,042,418	(6,896,969)
	0	137,939,387	-
	+5 _	144,836,356	6,896,969

Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, unquoted sukuk prices will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the net asset value of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted sukuk till maturity, such price fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the net asset value shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial since sukuk portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Unquoted sukuk with longer maturity and lower yield coupon rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements. It does not in any way suggest that this Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for this Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued)

Investors should note that unquoted sukuk (such as the sukuk held by the Fund) and Islamic money market instruments are subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rate which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of profit and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rate may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value to movements in prices of unquoted sukuk held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate increased and decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant.

	Impact on profit/(loss) after tax	
		net asset value
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
% change in interest rate	RM	RM
+1%	(296,569)	(305,531)
-1%	302,460	306,748

Credit risk

This refers to the likelihood that the company issuing the sukuk and/or financial institution where liquid assets of the Fund are deposited may default. Securities are subject to varying degrees of credit risk, which are often reflected in credit ratings.

Credit risk can be managed by performing continuous fundamental credit research and analysis to ascertain the creditworthiness of its issuer and/or financial institution. This risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of an instrument and/or financial institution will not be able to make timely payments of profit or principal payment on the maturity date, where applicable. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and profit and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund.

The credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

The Manager considers these banks and financial institutions to have low credit risks. Therefore, the Manager is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

	Unquoted	Cash		
	fixed income	and cash	Amount due	
	<u>securities</u>	<u>equivalents</u>	from broker	Total
	\overline{RM}	RM		RM
<u>2023</u>				
AAA	68,485,338	8,106,596	2,699,727	79,291,661
AA1	13,358,263	34,834	-	13,393,097
AA2	25,848,716	-	-	25,848,716
AA3	21,391,751	-	-	21,391,751
A1	2,927,077	1,676,925	-	4,604,002
BBB2	6,773,583	-	-	6,773,583
NR-GOVT	7,629,516	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	7,629,516
	146,414,244	9,818,355	2,699,727	158,932,326
<u>2022</u>				
AAA	59,881,882	16,843,395	-	76,725,277
AA1	8,913,646	36,142	-	8,949,788
AA2	7,043,313	-	-	7,043,313
AA3	39,856,419	-	-	39,856,419
A1	5,112,668	-	-	5,112,668
BBB2	6,621,343	-	-	6,621,343
NR-GOVT	7,126,341	-	-	7,126,341
NR-GG	4,820,338		<u>-</u> _	4,820,338
	139,375,950	16,879,537	-	156,255,487

NR-GOVT - Unrated (Government)

NR-GG - Unrated (Government guaranteed)

The financial assets of the Fund are neither past due nor impaired.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to sell, possibly preventing the Fund from selling such illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price. Wholesale funds with principal investment strategies that involve securities or securities with substantial market and/or credit risk tend to have the greater exposure to liquidity risk. As part of its risk management, the Manager will attempt to manage the liquidity of the Fund through asset allocation and diversification strategies within the portfolio. The Manager will also conduct constant fundamental research and analysis to forecast future liquidity of its investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Liquidity risk</u> (Continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Maturity Analysis

		Between	
	Less than	1 month	
	1 month	to 1 year	<u>Total</u>
	RM	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{M}$	\overline{RM}
<u>2023</u>			
Amount due to Manager	104,327	-	104,327
Amount due to Trustee	6,521	-	6,521
Other payables and accruals		14,970	14,970
	110,848	14,970	125,818
2022			
Amount due to Manager	102,686	-	102,686
Amount due to Trustee	6,418	-	6,418
Other payables and accruals	- -	13,784	13,784
	109,104	13,784	122,888

Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager not complying with the internal policies, the Deeds of the Fund, all applicable laws or guidelines issued by the regulators. This may occur as a result of system failure or the inadvertence of the Manager. The magnitude of such risk and its impact on the Fund and/or unitholders are dependent on the nature and severity of the non-compliance. Non-compliance may adversely affect the Fund especially if the investment of the Fund has to be disposed at a lower price to rectify the non-compliance.

Shariah specific risk

The risk that the investments do not conform to the principle of Shariah may result in those investments being not Shariah compliant. Should the situation arise, necessary steps shall be taken to dispose of such investments in accordance with the rules of divestment of non Shariah-compliant investments. If this occurs, the Fund could suffer losses from the disposal and thus, adversely affecting the value of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk management

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM	RM
The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of:	-	
Unitholders' capital	168,270,221	170,821,506
Accumulated losses	(9,463,713)	(14,688,907)

The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair values of financial assets traded in active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted equity, and sukuk for which market were or have been inactive during the financial year. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

- (i) For bank balances, Islamic deposits and placements with financial institutions with maturities less than 1 year, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value.
- (ii) The carrying value less impairment of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopted MFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability of fair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2023 Financial assets at				
FVTPL - Unquoted sukuk		146,414,244		146,414,244
2022 Financial assets at FVTPL		120 275 050		120 255 050
- Unquoted sukuk		139,375,950		139,375,950

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. Level 2 instruments include unquoted sukuk. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or nontransferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note F.

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Financial assets designated as FVTPL: - Unquoted sukuk	146,414,244	139,375,950
	2023	2022
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:	RM	RM
net realised loss on sale of financial assets at FVTPLnet unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value	(699,964) 4,516,992	(3,657,471) (8,454,453)
	3,817,028	(12,111,924)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

UNQUOTED SUKUK AUTO 4.81% APM AUTOMOTIVE HOLDINGS BERHAD 15/08/2025 AA2 5,000,000 5,091,436 5,100,161 3.21 BANK 3.13% AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD 08/12/2025 A1 3,000,000 2,912,917 2,927,077 1.84 4.40% CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
4.81% APM AUTOMOTIVE HOLDINGS BERHAD 15/08/2025 AA2 5,000,000 5,091,436 5,100,161 3.21 BANK 3.13% AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD 08/12/2025 A1 3,000,000 2,912,917 2,927,077 1.84 4.40% CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	UNQUOTED SUKUK				
AUTOMOTIVE HOLDINGS BERHAD 15/08/2025 AA2 5,000,000 5,091,436 5,100,161 3.21 BANK 3.13% AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD 08/12/2025 A1 3,000,000 2,912,917 2,927,077 1.84 4.40% CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	AUTO				
3.13% AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD 08/12/2025 A1 3,000,000 2,912,917 2,927,077 1.84 4.40% CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	AUTOMOTIVE HOLDINGS BERHAD	5,000,000	5,091,436	5,100,161	3.21
ISLAMIC BERHAD 08/12/2025 A1 3,000,000 2,912,917 2,927,077 1.84 4.40% CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	BANK				
HOLDINGS BERHAD 08/09/2027 AA2 5,250,000 5,318,956 5,362,156 3.38 4.08% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	ISLAMIC BERHAD	3,000,000	2,912,917	2,927,077	1.84
BANKING BERHAD 25/09/2024 AA3 5,000,000 5,190,655 5,057,905 3.18 4.71% MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	HOLDINGS BERHAD	5,250,000	5,318,956	5,362,156	3.38
BANKING BERHAD 30/01/2026 AA1 5,500,000 5,841,719 5,686,919 3.58	BANKING BERHAD	5,000,000	5,190,655	5,057,905	3.18
<u>19,264,247</u> <u>19,034,057</u> <u>11.98</u>	BANKING BERHAD	5,500,000	5,841,719	5,686,919	3.58
		_	19,264,247	19,034,057	11.98

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CON	TINUED)			
CONSTRUCTION				
6.01% UNITAPAH SDN BHD 12/06/2029 AAA	5,000,000	5,512,942	5,499,992	3.46
FINANCE				
6.35% AL-DZAHAB ASSETS BERHAD 29/03/2024 AAA	3,000,000	3,166,110	3,099,040	1.95
3.25% BANK PEMBANGUNAN MALAYSIA BERHAD 08/06/2026 AAA	2,000,000	2,004,096	1,965,176	1.24
4.98% BANK PEMBANGUNAN MALAYSIA BERHAD 02/03/2032 AAA	5,000,000	5,423,492	5,337,442	3.36
4.85% SABAH CREDIT CORPORATION 22/12/2026 AA1	7,500,000	7,622,219	7,671,344	4.83
4.60% ZAMARAD ASSETS BERHAD 24/07/2026 AAA	3,000,000	3,028,531	3,066,361	1.93

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter UNQUOTED SUKUK (CONT	Nominal value FINUED)	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
FINANCE (CONTINUED)				
4.20% ZAMARAD ASSETS BERHAD 19/11/2024 AAA	5,000,000	5,206,290	5,026,040	3.16
5.72% ZAMARAD ASSETS BERHAD 23/11/2029 AA2	750,000	754,349	779,286	0.49
		27,205,087	26,944,689	16.96
GOVERNMENT				
4.12% GOVERNMENT OF MALAYSIA 30/11/2034 NR-GOVT	7,500,000	8,351,849	7,629,516	4.80
HEALTH CARE				
4.58% POINT ZONE (M) SDN BHD 07/03/2029 AA3	3,000,000	3,033,617	3,092,057	1.95

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
INDUSTRIAL				
4.00% PRESS METAL ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS BERHAD 15/08/2025 AA2	2,500,000	2,520,212	2,531,837	1.59
4.69% PRESS METAL ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS BERHAD 07/12/2027 AA2	1,500,000	1,509,276	1,528,566	0.96
	_	4,029,488	4,060,403	2.55
POWER				
5.04% SPR ENERGY (M) SDN BHD 17/07/2025 BBB2	5,000,000	5,156,418	4,914,768	3.09
5.22% SPR ENERGY (M) SDN BHD 16/07/2027 BBB2	2,000,000	2,082,595	1,858,815	1.17
5.60% TADAU ENERGY SDN BHD 27/07/2027 AA3	2,500,000	2,765,202	2,653,077	1.67

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CON	TINUED)			
POWER (CONTINUED)				
3.92% TENAGA NASIONAL BERHAD 24/11/2028 AAA	5,000,000	5,019,868	4,988,218	3.14
4.08% TENAGA NASIONAL BERHAD 25/11/2031 AAA	5,000,000	4,977,879	4,973,129	3.13
5.20% TNB POWER GENERATION SDN BHD 02/06/2042 AAA	1,000,000	1,069,482	1,107,992	0.70
	_	21,071,444	20,495,999	12.90
TELECOMMUNICATION				
3.60% BGSM MANAGEMENT SDN BHD 16/06/2028 AA3	5,000,000 _	4,945,397	4,880,497	3.07
TOLL ROAD				
5.29% AMANAT LEBUHRAYA RAKYAT BERHAD 13/10/2033 AAA	3,500,000	3,540,074	3,798,444	2.40

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
TOLL ROAD (CONTINUE	D)			
5.59% AMANAT LEBUHRAYA RAKYAT BERHAD 13/10/2033 AAA	4,500,000	4,554,445	4,833,625	3.04
5.58% ANIH BERHAD 28/11/2025 AA2	3,000,000	3,176,835	3,113,745	1.96
5.70% ANIH BERHAD 27/11/2026 AA2	3,750,000	4,047,034	3,944,488	2.48
5.36% BESRAYA (M) SDN BHD 28/07/2028 AA2	3,250,000	3,521,562	3,488,477	2.20
5.44% LEBUHRAYA DUKE FASA 3 SDN BHD 23/08/2029 AA3	5,500,000	5,824,575	5,708,215	3.60
5.55% EKVE SDN BHD 29/01/2029 AAA	1,250,000	1,348,290	1,358,753	0.86
0.00% MEX II SDN BHD 29/04/2026 D	4,700,000	4,911,030	-	-
0.00% MEX II SDN BHD 27/04/2029 D	5,000,000	5,328,000	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
TOLL ROAD (CONTINUI	E D)			
4.96% PROJEK LEBUHRAYA USAHASAMA BHD 12/01/2029 AAA	2,075,000	2,335,830	2,214,215	1.40
5.75% PROJEK LEBUHRAYA USAHASAMA BHD 12/01/2037 AAA	1,000,000	1,131,081	1,156,821	0.74
	_	39,718,756	29,616,783	18.68
WATER				
4.10% PENGURUSAN AIR SELANGOR SDN BHD 27/10/2028 AAA	2,750,000	2,769,770	2,768,065	1.74
4.22% PENGURUSAN AIR SELANGOR SDN BHD 29/10/2031 AAA	2,500,000	2,500,949	2,517,673	1.59
4.74% PENGURUSAN AIR SELANGOR SDN BHD 29/10/2036 AAA	8,000,000	8,104,290	8,333,130	5.25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2023 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
WATER (CONTINUED)				
3.73% PENGURUSAN AIR SPV BERHAD 02/06/2028 AAA	1,500,000	1,502,706	1,480,296	0.94
3.75% PENGURUSAN AIR SPV BERHAD 28/04/2028 AAA	5,000,000	5,048,376	4,960,926	3.12
	-	19,926,091	20,060,090	12.64
TOTAL UNQUOTED SUK	TUK	158,150,354	146,414,244	92.20
ACCUMULATED UNREA LOSS	LISED	(11,736,110)		
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSIFVTPL	ETS AT	146,414,244		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK				
BANK				
4.88% AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD 18/10/2023 A1	5,000,000	5,221,459	5,112,668	3.27
4.08% Malayan Banking Berhad 25/09/2024 AA3	5,000,000	5,191,773	5,087,273	3.26
4.71% Malayan Banking Berhad 30/01/2026 AA1	5,500,000	5,841,719	5,709,304	3.66
	_	16,254,951	15,909,245	10.19
CONSTRUCTION				
6.01% UNITAPAH SDN BHD 12/06/2029 AA1	3,000,000	3,321,392	3,204,342	2.05

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
FINANCE				
6.35% AL-DZAHAB ASSETS BERHAD 29/03/2024 AAA	3,000,000	3,166,110	3,167,710	2.03
3.25% Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Berhad 08/06/2026 AAA	2,000,000	2,004,096	1,934,716	1.24
4.98% Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Berhad 02/03/2032 AAA	5,000,000	5,424,372	5,164,472	3.31
3.30% SME BANK 23/04/2027 NR-GG	5,000,000	5,030,288	4,820,338	3.09
4.60% Zamarad Assets Berhad 24/07/2026 AAA	1,500,000	1,529,490	1,516,950	0.97
4.20% Zamarad Assets Berhad 19/11/2024 AAA	5,000,000	5,206,290	5,015,590	3.21
		22,360,646	21,619,776	13.85

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CON	ΓINUED)			
GOVERNMENT				
4.12% Government Of Malaysia 30/11/2034 NR- GOVT	7,500,000	8,351,849	7,126,341	4.56
HEALTH CARE				
4.58% Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd 07/03/2029 AA3	2,500,000	2,536,389	2,492,914	1.60
INDUSTRIAL				
4.00% Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Berhad 15/08/2025 AA3	2,500,000	2,520,212	2,518,137	1.61
4.69% Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Berhad 07/12/2027 AA3	1,500,000	1,509,276	1,485,471	0.95
		4,029,488	4,003,608	2.56
INVESTMENT HOLDING				
2.32% Danga Capital Berhad 25/01/2024 AAA	5,000,000	4,993,396	4,961,596	3.18

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UED)			
NTINUED	D)		
250,000	1,232,765	1,171,040	0.75
000,000	5,414,538	5,146,907	3.30
	11,640,699	11,279,543	7.23
000,000	5,156,418	4,803,268	3.08
000,000	2,082,595	1,818,075	1.16
500,000	2,765,202	2,620,677	1.68
000,000	5,019,868	4,821,318	3.09
000,000	4,977,879	4,743,929	3.04
	20,001,962	18,807,267	12.05
	UED)	value Cost RM UED) (1,232,765) 250,000 1,232,765) 000,000 5,414,538) 11,640,699 000,000 2,082,595) 500,000 2,765,202) 000,000 5,019,868) 000,000 4,977,879)	Nominal value Cost RM 30.06.2022 RM 250,000 1,232,765 1,171,040 250,000 5,414,538 5,146,907 11,640,699 11,279,543 2000,000 2,082,595 1,818,075 2000,000 2,765,202 2,620,677 2000,000 5,019,868 4,821,318 2000,000 4,977,879 4,743,929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
TELECOMMUNICATION	Ī			
3.60% BGSM Management Sdn Bhd 16/06/2028 AA3	5,000,000	4,945,397	4,703,247	3.01
5.45% BGSM Management Sdn Bhd 28/06/2024 AA3	5,000,000	5,349,240	5,159,340	3.30
	 	10,294,637	9,862,587	6.31
TOLL ROAD				
5.58% Anih Berhad 28/11/2025 AA2	3,000,000	3,176,376	3,120,036	2.00
5.70% Anih Berhad 27/11/2026 AA2	3,750,000	4,046,448	3,923,277	2.51
5.04% Besraya 26/07/2024 AA3	1,750,000	1,849,297	1,821,524	1.17
5.36% Besraya 28/07/2028 AA3	3,250,000	3,521,707	3,406,007	2.18

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
TOLL ROAD (CONTINUE	ED)			
5.44% LEBUHRAYA DUKE FASA 3 SDN BHD 23/08/2029 AA-	5,500,000	5,824,575	5,517,695	3.53
5.55% EKVE SDN BERHAD 29/01/2029 AAA	1,000,000	1,084,860	1,066,240	0.68
4.25% Konsortium Lebuhraya Utara-Timur (Kl) Sdn Berhad 01/12/2023 AA-	5,000,000	5,068,884	5,044,134	3.23
0.00% MEX II SDN BHD 29/04/2026 D	4,700,000	4,911,030	-	-
0.00% MEX II SDN BHD 27/04/2029 D	5,000,000	5,328,000	-	-
4.96% Projek Lebuhraya Usahasama Bhd 12/01/2029 AAA	2,075,000	2,335,830	2,165,930	1.40
	- -	37,147,007	26,064,843	16.70

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Name of counter	Nominal value	Cost RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 RM	Fair value as at 30.06.2022 expressed as a percentage of value of the Fund %
UNQUOTED SUKUK (CO	NTINUED)			
WATER				
4.10% Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd 27/10/2028 AAA	2,750,000	2,769,461	2,689,051	1.72
4.22% Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd 29/10/2031 AAA	2,250,000	2,266,389	2,157,826	1.38
4.74% Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd 29/10/2036 AAA	8,000,000	8,103,251	7,875,531	5.04
3.73% Pengurusan Air Spv Berhad 02/06/2028 AAA	1,500,000	1,502,554	1,442,449	0.93
3.75% Pengurusan Air Spv Berhad 28/04/2028 AAA	5,000,000	5,048,377	4,840,627	3.10
	_ _	19,690,032	19,005,484	12.17
TOTAL UNQUOTED SUK	KUK	155,629,052	139,375,950	89.27
ACCUMULATED UNREALOSS	ALISED	(16,253,102)		
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASS FVTPL	ETS AT	139,375,950		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2023 RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	9,783,521	16,843,395
Bank balance	34,834	36,142
	9,818,355	16,879,537
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions		
include profit receivable (RM)	804	854
Weighted average rate of return (%)	3.00	1.85
Average maturity (days)	3	1
6 OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS		
V 0 111211111122222 11 12 11 0 0 1 0 1 1 2 2	<u> 2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM	RM
Audit fee payable	7,050	7,050
Tax agent's fee payable	3,200	3,200
Other payables and accruals	4,720	3,534
	14,970	13,784
7 UNITS IN CIRCULATION		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Units	Units
At the beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year	166,110,934	181,646,269
Arising from distributions during the financial year	4,149,797	2,852,257
Arising from applications during the financial year	2,266,794	484,997
Cancellation of units during the financial year	(9,199,080)	(18,872,589)
At the end of the financial year	163,328,445	166,110,934

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 1.50% (2022: 1.50%) per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The management fee provided in the financial statements is 0.80% (2022: 0.80%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

9 TRUSTEE'S FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to a trustee fee at a rate not exceeding 0.05% (2022: 0.05%) per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum of RM12,000 per annum calculated on a daily basis.

The Trustee's fee provided in the financial statements is 0.05% (2022: 0.05%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the Trustee's fee other than the amounts recognised above.

10 OTHER EXPENSES

2023 RM	2022 RM
428	516
2,630	2,507
-	651,488
3,058	654,511
	428 2,630

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

11 TAXATION

Less: Taxation

Net distribution amount

11 TAXATION		
(a) Tax charge for the financial year	2023 RM	2022 RM
Current taxation	<u> </u>	
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense		
The numerical reconciliation between profit/(loss) before a statutory income tax rate and the tax expense of the Fund is	•	y the Malaysian
	2023 RM	2022 RM
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	9,379,773	(7,110,372)
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	2,251,146	(1,706,489)
Tax effects of: (Investment income not subject to tax)/ Investment loss not deductible for tax purpose Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for fund	(2,568,606) 19,988 297,472	1,204,453 177,997 324,039
12 DISTRIBUTIONS		
Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:	2023 RM	2022 RM
Profit income from unquoted sukuk Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed	5,564,101	6,246,423
financial institutions at amortised cost	220,097	230,371
Realised loss on sale of investments	(674,052)	(3,429,269)
Prior years' realised income	184,505	1,820,125
Gross realised income	5,294,651	4,867,650
Less: Expenses	(1,140,072)	(1,919,850)
Gross distribution amount	4,154,579	2,947,800

2,947,800

4,154,579

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

	Entitlement <u>date</u>	Payment <u>date</u>	Gross distribution per unit (sen)	Net distribution per unit (sen)
<u>2023</u>	23-Sep-2022	26-Sep-2022	0.30	0.30
	23-Dec-2022	27-Dec-2022	0.80	0.80
	22-Mar-2023	23-Mar-2023	0.60	0.60
	21-Jun-2023	22-Jun-2023	0.90	0.90
		=	2.60	2.60
<u>2022</u>	24-Sep-2021	27-Sep-2021	0.50	0.50
	23-Dec-2021	24-Dec-2021	1.00	1.00
	28-Jun-2022	29-Jun-2022	0.20	0.20
		=	1.70	1.70

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM	RM
Unrealised gain/(loss) incurred during the financial year	4,516,992	(8,454,453)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

13 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	%	%
TER	0.86	0.86

Total expense ratio includes management fee, Trustee's fee, audit fee, tax agent's fee and other expenses which is calculated as follows:

$$TER = (A + B + C + D + E) \times 100$$
F

A = Management fee

B = Trustee's fee

C = Audit fee

D = Tax agent's fee

E = Other expenses, excluding write-off of unquoted sukuk

F = Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year, calculated on a daily basis

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM	RM
The average net asset value of the Fund		
calculated on a daily basis	154,050,465	167,884,945

14 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
PTR (times)	0.36	0.42

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisitions for the financial year + total disposals for the financial year) $\div 2$ Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

	2023 RM	2022 RM
where: Total acquisitions for the financial year	57,369,217	59,907,116
Total disposals for the financial year	54,670,738	82,576,327

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

15 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationships

Opus Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. The Manager

Cope Private Equity Sdn. Bhd. Entity with the same Director as the Manager

The number of units held by the Manager and party related to the Manager is as follows:

	2023 Units	2023 RM	2022 Units	2022 RM
The Manager Entity with the same Director as the	6	6	6	6
Manager	6,545,878	6,364,557	6,545,878	6,152,665

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes and were transacted at the prevailing market price.

The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related parties have been entered into agreed terms between the related parties.

Other than the related party disclosures mentioned elsewhere in the financial statements, there are no other significant related party transactions during the financial year or balances as at the end of the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (CONTINUED)

16 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

	,	D		Percentage
Decelerate		Percentage	Dualramaga	of total
Broker/	Value of	of total	Brokerage	brokerage
financial institution	<u>trades^</u>	<u>trades</u>	<u>fees</u>	fees
	RM	%	RM	%
Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:				
Malayan Banking Bhd*	32,977,708	29.43	-	-
Hong Leong Bank Bhd	16,694,169	14.90	-	-
RHB Investment Bank Bhd*	13,976,816	12.47	-	-
Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd	8,750,000	7.81	-	-
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Bhd	7,640,158	6.82	-	-
CIMB Bank Bhd	6,030,514	5.38	-	-
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd*	5,451,971	4.87	-	-
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Bhd	5,166,714	4.61	_	-
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Bhd	2,699,727	2.41	-	-
CIMB Commerce Trustee Bhd*	1,485,618	1.33	_	-
Others *	11,166,560	9.97		
	112,039,955	100.00	_	-

Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Malayan Banking Bhd *	29,986,740	21.05	-	-
RHB Investment Bank Bhd *	25,988,423	18.24	-	-
CIMB Bank Bhd	19,577,946	13.74	-	-
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	16,399,363	11.51	-	-
Hong Leong Bank Bhd	7,456,466	5.23	-	-
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Bhd	6,328,065	4.44	-	-
RHB Islamic Bank Bhd	5,455,826	3.83	-	-
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	5,277,497	3.70	-	-
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Bhd	5,207,334	3.65	-	-
AmBank (M) Bhd	5,000,000	3.51	-	-
Others *	15,805,783	11.10	-	-
	142,483,443	100.00	_	_

[^] Includes purchase price plus accrued profit at acquisition.

^{*} Included in transactions with brokers and dealers are cross trades conducted between portfolios managed by the Manager.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

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TRUSTEE

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